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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/553,085	10/11/2005	Shintaro Okada	09792909-6376	4769

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EXAMINER
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SHIKHMAN, MAX

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2624

MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
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10/09/2008

PAPER

**Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.**

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	<b>Application No.</b> 10/553,085	<b>Applicant(s)</b> OKADA ET AL.	
	<b>Examiner</b> MAX SHIKHMAN	<b>Art Unit</b> 2624	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

### Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 July 2008.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**.                      2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

### Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-6 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-6 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

### Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 14 July 2008 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☒ All    b) ☐ Some \*    c) ☐ None of:
1. ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

### Attachment(s)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)                     | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)           |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____                                      |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)          | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____  | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____                          |

### ***Response to Arguments***

1. Applicant's arguments filed 07/14/2008 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues: Therefore, under 35 U.S.C. § 103 (c) this subject matter disclosed in the Patent Publication No.: US 2001/0038716, which may qualify as prior art under subsection (e), (f), and (g) of 35 U.S.C. § 102, does not affect patentability of the present patent application.

Examiner's reply: Tsuchiya 2001/0038716, published Nov 8, 2001, qualifies under 102b, 102a on Applicant's 10/553085. Thus 103(c) cannot remove Tsuchiya 2001/0038716.

### ***Double Patenting***

2. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

3. Claim 1 provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 1 of copending Application No. 10/805207.

Claim 4 provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 4 of copending Application No. 10/805207.

Claim 5 provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 10 of copending Application No. 10/805207.

Claim 6 provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 11 of copending Application No. 10/805207.

Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they disclose the same operation.

This is a provisional obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the

Art Unit: 2624

invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claim **1,4,5,6; 2,3** rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tsuchiya PG PUB-DOCUMENT-NUMBER: 20010038716 in view of Nakajima, PG PUB-DOCUMENT-NUMBER: 20040008902.

**( ) Regarding Claims 1,4,5,6:**

(Note: *signal of attention*= $x_n$ . *predetermined threshold value*= $\varepsilon$ . *weight*= $a_k$ )

1. A signal processing apparatus for adjusting levels of continuously arranged signals, said signal processing apparatus comprising:

a designation unit (5) for designating the continuously arranged signals as a signal of attention ( $x_n$ ) one by one; (Formula 1:  $n$ )

a determination unit (5) for determining a predetermined number of signals preceding (Formula1:  $k=-N$ ) the signal of attention designated by the designation unit, and a predetermined number of signals following (Formula1:  $N$ ) the signal of attention, to be neighbouring signals; (Formula1)

a weight average unit for averaging by weight ([0032]. Formula 1:  $a_k$ ) the signal of attention and the plurality of neighbouring signals; ([0032]. Formula 1:  $w_{n-k}$ )

a flag setting unit for calculating a difference in levels between the signal of attention and a neighbouring signal, (Formula1:  $|x_n - x_{n-k}|$ )

judging whether or not the difference (Formula1:  $|x_n - x_{n-k}| > \varepsilon$ ) is larger than a predetermined threshold value, ( $\varepsilon$ ) and raising flags (output of 33) for the neighbouring signal<sup>1</sup> with respect to the signal of attention, when the difference is judged to be larger than the predetermined threshold value;

(Formula1: when  $|x_n - x_{n-k}| > \varepsilon$ ,  $w_{n-k} = x_n$ .)

*and a control unit (5) for controlling and causing the weighted average unit to average by weight, (Formula1) using the signal of attention instead of the neighbouring signal ([0034] "ignoring the pixel value  $x_{n-k}$ ") for which the flag is raised. (output of 33)*

*Tsuchiya discloses everything as described above except, <sup>1</sup>and a neighbouring signal which are arranged symmetrically.*

Nakajima discloses, [0034] "...1" is output from the AND circuits 12 when both of absolute values of differences between level values of combined pixels and the watched pixel are smaller than the reference level". [0042] "using only pixels which are both selected and thereby performing the averaging operation, an averaged signal phase is not deviated from the original position of the watched pixel and moreover, the possibility that generated image edges are disordered can be canceled."

As Nakajima discloses, both pixels symmetric about a watched pixel are subtracted from the watched pixel; if the difference for either subtraction calculation is more than  $\theta$ , both pixels are not used in the average. This allows for unchanging signal phase.

**( ) Regarding Claim 2:**

*2. The signal processing apparatus as described in claim 1, wherein said flag setting unit further raises a flag (Tsuchiya. output of 33. Nakajima's output of 11) for a neighboring pixel away, (Formula1:  $|x_n - x_{n-k}| > \varepsilon$ ,  $k = \{-N \dots N\}$ ) in view of the pixel of attention, ( $x_n$ ) from the neighboring pixels raised with flags.*

**( ) Regarding Claim 3:**

*3. The signal processing apparatus as described in claim 1, wherein said signals are pixel values of pixels constituting an image. (Fig1. [0028] "pixel value")*

***Conclusion***

6. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to JINGGE WU whose telephone number is (571)272-7429. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 7:30 AM - 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jingge Wu can be reached on (571) 272-7429. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 2624

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Jingge Wu/  
Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2624

/Max Shikhman/  
Examiner, Art Unit 2624  
10/6/2008